

Association of State Colleges and Universities, American Council on Education, Association of American Universities, Association of Jesuit Colleges and Universities, Association of Public and Land-grant Universities, Council for Christian Colleges and Universities, First Focus Campaign for Children, Higher Education Consortium for Special Education, Hispanic Association of Colleges and Universities, National Association of Elementary School Principals, National Association of Independent Colleges and Universities, National Association of Secondary School Principals, National Association of State Directors of Special Education, National Center for Learning Disabilities, National Education Association, National Disabilities Rights Network, Public Advocacy for Kids, Rural School and Community Trust, and the Teacher Education Division of the Council for Exceptional Children.

I look forward to working to incorporate this legislation into the upcoming reauthorization of the Higher Education Act. I urge my colleagues to join us in this effort and support this legislation.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 337—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF FEBRUARY 12, 2016, AS “DARWIN DAY” AND RECOGNIZING THE IMPORTANCE OF SCIENCE IN THE BETTERMENT OF HUMANITY

Mr. BLUMENTHAL submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation:

S. RES. 337

Whereas Charles Darwin developed the theory of evolution by the mechanism of natural selection, which, together with the monumental amount of scientific evidence Charles Darwin compiled to support the theory, provides humanity with a logical and intellectually compelling explanation for the diversity of life on Earth;

Whereas the validity of the theory of evolution by natural selection developed by Charles Darwin is further strongly supported by the modern understanding of the science of genetics;

Whereas it has been the human curiosity and ingenuity exemplified by Charles Darwin that has promoted new scientific discoveries that have helped humanity solve many problems and improve living conditions;

Whereas the advancement of science must be protected from those unconcerned with the adverse impacts of global warming and climate change;

Whereas the teaching of creationism in some public schools compromises the scientific and academic integrity of the education systems of the United States;

Whereas Charles Darwin is a worthy symbol of scientific advancement on which to focus and around which to build a global celebration of science and humanity intended to promote a common bond among all the people of the Earth; and

Whereas February 12, 2016, is the anniversary of the birth of Charles Darwin in 1809

and would be an appropriate date to designate as “Darwin Day”: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the designation of “Darwin Day”; and

(2) recognizes Charles Darwin as a worthy symbol on which to celebrate the achievements of reason, science, and the advancement of human knowledge.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 2932. Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mr. UDALL, and Mr. VITTER) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 2576, to modernize the Toxic Substances Control Act, and for other purposes.

SA 2933. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ALEXANDER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 227, to strengthen the Federal education research system to make research and evaluations more timely and relevant to State and local needs in order to increase student achievement.

SA 2934. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. KIRK) proposed an amendment to the resolution S. Res. 148, condemning the Government of Iran's state-sponsored persecution of its Baha'i minority and its continued violation of the International Covenants on Human Rights.

SA 2935. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. KIRK) proposed an amendment to the resolution S. Res. 148, *supra*.

SA 2936. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. CORKER (for himself and Mr. SHELBY)) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 515, to protect children and others from sexual abuse and exploitation, including sex trafficking and sex tourism, by providing advance notice of intended travel by registered sex offenders outside the United States to the government of the country of destination, requesting foreign governments to notify the United States when a known sex offender is seeking to enter the United States, and for other purposes.

SA 2937. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. CARDIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 284, to impose sanctions with respect to foreign persons responsible for gross violations of internationally recognized human rights, and for other purposes.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2932. Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mr. UDALL, and Mr. VITTER) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 2576, to modernize the Toxic Substances Control Act, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS, POLICY, AND INTENT.

Section 2(c) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601(c)) is amended—

(1) by striking “It is the intent” and inserting the following:

“(1) ADMINISTRATION.—It is the intent”;

(2) in paragraph (1) (as so redesignated), by inserting “, as provided under this Act” before the period at the end; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) REFORM.—This Act, including reforms in accordance with the amendments made by the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act—

“(A) shall be administered in a manner that—

“(i) protects the health of children, pregnant women, the elderly, workers, consumers, the general public, and the environment from the risks of harmful exposures to chemical substances and mixtures; and

“(ii) ensures that appropriate information on chemical substances and mixtures is available to public health officials and first responders in the event of an emergency; and

“(B) shall not displace or supplant common law rights of action or remedies for civil relief.”.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

Section 3 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2602) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), and (14) as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (12), (13), (17), (18), and (19), respectively;

(2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:

“(4) CONDITIONS OF USE.—The term ‘conditions of use’ means the intended, known, or reasonably foreseeable circumstances the Administrator determines a chemical substance is manufactured, processed, distributed in commerce, used, or disposed of.”;

(3) by inserting after paragraph (10) (as so redesignated) the following:

“(11) POTENTIALLY EXPOSED OR SUSCEPTIBLE POPULATION.—The term ‘potentially exposed or susceptible population’ means 1 or more groups—

“(A) of individuals within the general population who may be—

“(i) differentially exposed to chemical substances under the conditions of use; or

“(ii) susceptible to greater adverse health consequences from chemical exposures than the general population; and

“(B) that when identified by the Administrator may include such groups as infants, children, pregnant women, workers, and the elderly.”; and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (13) (as so redesignated) the following:

“(14) SAFETY ASSESSMENT.—The term ‘safety assessment’ means an assessment of the risk posed by a chemical substance under the conditions of use, integrating hazard, use, and exposure information regarding the chemical substance.

“(15) SAFETY DETERMINATION.—The term ‘safety determination’ means a determination by the Administrator as to whether a chemical substance meets the safety standard under the conditions of use.

“(16) SAFETY STANDARD.—The term ‘safety standard’ means a standard that ensures, without taking into consideration cost or other nonrisk factors, that no unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment will result from exposure to a chemical substance under the conditions of use, including no unreasonable risk of injury to—

“(A) the general population; or

“(B) any potentially exposed or susceptible population that the Administrator has identified as relevant to the safety assessment and safety determination for a chemical substance.”.

SEC. 4. POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND GUIDANCE.

The Toxic Substances Control Act is amended by inserting after section 3 (15 U.S.C. 2602) the following:

“SEC. 3A. POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND GUIDANCE.

“(a) DEFINITION OF GUIDANCE.—In this section, the term ‘guidance’ includes any significant written guidance of general applicability prepared by the Administrator.

“(b) DEADLINE.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, the Administrator shall develop, after providing public notice and an